45Q Implementation December 2019 Update









Background

- 26 U.S.C. §45Q was enacted Oct 3, 2008
 - IRS issued Guidance in 2009 (Notice 2009-83)
 - No regulations were ever proposed or adopted
- Section 45Q was amended effective Feb 9, 2018

- 45Q was the 2018 CO2 Conference "Seminar" topic
 - "45Q and CO2 EOR's Vital Role in Carbon Management, and ROZ CO2 EOR"
 - Download full-day of slides for \$50 at https://www.co2conference.net/product/2018-co2-and-ccs-seminar/



2019 Activity

- IRS issued Notice 2019-32 on May 20, 2019, requesting comments
 - IRS identified 10 specific questions to be answered
 - IRS Solicited comments on all issues related to 45Q amendments
 - IRS mentioned that permanent rules or other sub-regulatory guidance would be developed
 - IRS had earlier predicted the Notice was to be issued in Feb/Mar 2019, but Notice wasn't issued until May 2019
- 105 comments were submitted by the public



Update: Anticipated IRS Actions

Most recent update from IRS was Nov 26, 2019

We are hearing that IRS currently intends to issue 3 different documents to provide interpretation/application of §45Q

- Revenue Procedure: addressing structuring and partnership-related issues
- 2. IRS Notice: providing guidance on beginning of construction requirements
- 3. Notice of Proposed Rule Making (NPRM): regulations addressing all other matters



1. Revenue Procedure

- IRS may issue a "Revenue Procedure" to address structuring and partnership-related issues for §45Q
 - "Revenue Procedure" type of guidance was used by IRS on partnership issues on other tax credits (i.e. wind PTC; historic rehabilitation ITC)
- Timing
 - Initially was projected to be issued end of Nov 2019
 - Now projected to be issued end of Dec 2019 at the earliest



2. Guidance/Notice

- IRS may issue a Notice providing guidance addressing beginning of construction related issues for §45Q
 - IRS Notices were issued by IRS on beginning of construction requirements on other tax credits (i.e. wind/solar)
- Timing
 - Initially was projected to be issued end of Nov 2019
 - Now projected to be issued end of Dec 2019



3. Notice of Proposed Rule Making (NPRM)

- IRS may issue a "Notice of Proposed Rule Making" to adopt regulations for all other §45Q issues
- Timing
 - Initially was projected to be issued end of Dec 2019
 - Now projected to be issued in 1st quarter 2020
- Anticipated impact:
 - The notice would contain proposed regulations, and an opportunity for written comment (typically 60-90 days) followed by a public hearing
 - The proposed regulations would be temporary regulations that can be immediately relied upon until final regulations are issued
- Possibility of IRS Guidance prior to NPRM



Beginning of Construction – Expected Guidance

- Construction must begin before January 1, 2024
- Two alternative ways to show beginning of construction "BOC":
 - Physical work of a significant nature has begun
 - 5% Safe Harbor
- Physical work test:
 - Physical work of a significant nature is a facts and circumstances test
 - Focuses on the nature of the work performed, not the amount or cost
- On-site and off-site work:
 - Any physical work on-site on the qualified facility
 - Physical work off-site for property included in the qualified facility
- Work done by the taxpayer and its contractors under a binding written contract
- Physical work must be "continuous" after BOC



Beginning of Construction – Expected Guidance

- The 5% Safe Harbor: Construction of a facility will be considered as having begun, if:
 - a taxpayer incurs five percent or more of the total cost of the project before January 1, 2024, and
 - thereafter, the taxpayer makes continuous efforts to advance towards completion of the facility
- "Continuous" Program of Construction or Physical Work
 - Generally determined on a facts and circumstances basishowever:
 - IRS has provided a "Continuity Safe Harbor" to wind and solar of 4 calendar years from the year in which construction starts
 - CCUS participants have asked for 6 years



Partnership Structure – Expected Rev Proc

IRS provided safe harbor guidance in Rev Proc 2007-65 to taxpayers on how to structure wind transactions using the partnership-flip structure. The IRS is expected to issue a similar Rev Proc for 45Q. Expected issues to be addressed:

- Definition of Investor and satisfaction of economic substance doctrine
- Minimum partnership interest. Investor may take up to 99% of tax items, but not less than 5%
- Minimum unconditional upfront investment of at least 20%
- Contingent consideration. CCUS industry has asked for 50% contingent
- Restrictions on sponsor purchase options
- Restrictions on Sale Rights. CCUS industry participants have asked for approval of a "put right"
- Guarantees. No party may guarantee the tax credit to the investor.
 CCUS industry participants have asked that guarantees of level of CO2 production, environmental issues, and recapture risk, among others, be treated as permissible guarantees





Keith Tracy (405) 308-7289 keith@keithtracy.com



David S. Lowman (202) 419-2020 dlowman@huntonak.com



Perdure Petroleum – Executive Summary

Overview

Attractive Assets With Proven Production History and Storage Capability

- Producing ~8,000 bbl/d across 9 fields (95%+ oil, 98%+ operated)
- Significant land ownership in two fields
- Significant sequestration capacity Over 1+ Bbbls of OOIP
- Approximately 250 miles of CO₂ pipelines
- Long-term asset history provides confidence in potential
 - First CO₂ floods on Burbank/Panhandle began in 2001;
 Wellman tertiary production began in 1983; and George Allen CO₂ flood injections began in 2013

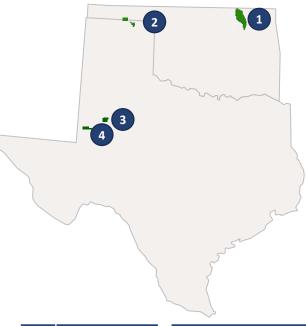
Steady CO₂ Supply

- Contracts provide CO₂ purchasing potential for ~90 MMcf/d
- ~75% of CO₂ supply is anthropogenic
- · Burbank Supply: Nitrogen fertilizer plant in Coffeyville, KS
- Panhandle Supply: Ethanol plant in Arkalon, KS and nitrogen fertilizer plant in Borger, TX
- Trinity Supply: McElmo Dome and La Veta, CO

Flexible CapEx Program

- Capital investments can be turned on or off based on asset cash flows
 - Given the nature of the assets, Perdure has the ability to halt new capital investments and decrease capex spending to approximately zero, if necessary, while maintaining a similar production profile for 9-12 months

Asset Map



#	Field	Acquisition Date
1	Burbank	Nov-17
2	Panhandle	Nov-17
3	Wellman	Feb-19
4	George Allen	Feb-19



EOR Operator Perspective

- Fielding numerous calls from potential CO₂ providers
 - We have two projects internally, one which we are preparing for 45Q implementation and the other is less certain
- Potential Issues
 - Review of final regulations
 - Given our LLC structure, 45Q credits pass through to our equity investors
 - LLC maintains the cost of MRV, long term liability and compliance
 - Tax Equity partnership
 - Allocation of MRV, long term liability and compliance costs
 - · Liability of failure to achieve minimum threshold
 - Many CO₂ Purchase contracts signed before 2018 allocated the 45Q credits inconsistent with the revised 45Q law/regulations
 - Contracts may need to be re-negotiated to align with updated regulations
 - Most have no monetary penalty in the event the CO₂ source fails to deliver
 - Minimum volume threshold concerns might require changes to EOR Operator's development plan(s)
 - EOR Field downtime
 - CO₂ Source downtime



